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Washington, Friday, September 15, 1950

TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I—Civil Service Commission

PART 6—EXCEPTIONS FROM THE COMPETITIVE SERVICE

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

Under authority of § 6.1 (a) of Executive Order 9830, and at the request of the Department of the Air Force, § 6.107 is amended by the addition of paragraphs (f), (g), (h), and (i) as set out below, effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

§ 6.107 *Department of the Air Force.* * * *

(f) *Headquarters, U. S. Air Force.* (1) Until June 30, 1952, the positions of Chief, Research Branch; Chief, Atomic Warfare Division; Assistant for Air Weapons Systems Evaluation; and Deputy Comptroller.

(g) *Air Matériel Command.* (1) Until June 30, 1952, the positions of Civilian Chief, Engineering Operations; Technical Director, Electronics; Director of Geophysical Research; and Director of Physics, Research Group.

(h) *Research and Development Command.* (1) Until June 30, 1952, the positions of Director of Research, and Director of Component and Systems Development.

(i) *Military Air Transport Service.* (1) Until June 30, 1952, the position of Chief, Directorate of Scientific Services.

(R. S. 1753, sec. 2, 22 Stat. 403; 5 U. S. C. 631, 633. E. O. 9830, Feb. 24, 1947, 12 F. R. 1259; 3 CFR, 1947 Supp. E. O. 9973, June 28, 1948, 13 F. R. 3600; 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] HARRY B. MITCHELL,
Chairman.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8067; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

Chapter II—The Loyalty Review Board

PART 210—THE OPERATIONS OF THE LOYALTY REVIEW BOARD

APPENDIX A—LIST OF ORGANIZATIONS DESIGNATED BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL PURSUANT TO EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 9835

The following material is added to Appendix A:

In a letter dated August 24, 1950 the Attorney General has advised the Loyalty Review Board that the Young Communist League and the American Youth for Democracy, which were previously designated as organizations coming within the purview of Part III, section 3, of Executive Order 9835, have ceased to exist and the Labor Youth League has taken the place of the two prior organizations as the organization for young Communists. Accordingly, Labor Youth League bears the same designation as a Communist organization under Executive Order 9835 as the two previous entities of which it is but a continuation.

(Part III, E. O. 9835, Mar. 21, 1947, 12 F. R. 1935; 3 CFR, 1947 Supp.)

LOYALTY REVIEW BOARD,
UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
SETH W. RICHARDSON,
Chairman.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8054; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter IX—Production and Marketing Administration

PART 986—MARKETING AGREEMENT AND ORDER REGULATING THE HANDLING OF HOPS GROWN IN OREGON, CALIFORNIA, WASHINGTON, AND IDAHO, AND OF HOP PRODUCTS PRODUCED THEREFROM IN THESE STATES

SALABLE QUANTITY OF 1950 CROP

§ 986.202 *Salable quantity of the 1950 crop of hops*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Notice of proposed rule making with respect to the salable quantity of the 1950 crop of hops was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of August 16, 1950 (15 F. R. 5457), pursuant to the provisions of Marketing Agreement No. 107 and Order No. 86 regulating the handling of hops grown in Oregon, California, Washington, and Idaho, and of hop products produced therefrom in these States (7 CFR 986.1 et seq.). In said notice, in which it was proposed to fix the salable quantity of 1950 crop hops at 50,000,000 pounds, opportunity was afforded interested parties to submit to the Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., written data, views, or arguments for consideration prior to the final issu-

(Continued on p. 6193)

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FEDERAL REGISTER

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CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

ance of the order fixing the salable quantity. Such documents were filed during the period specified, favoring salable quantities ranging from 49,000,000 to 53,000,000 pounds.

Views of those favoring 49,000,000 pounds as the salable quantity were in the nature of substantiating the majority opinion of the Hop Control Board that its estimate of consumptive demand, both domestic and export, and its allowance for an increase in carryover of 1,500,000 pounds on September 1, 1951, as compared with September 1, 1950, were adequate.

Views of those favoring an increase in the salable quantity above the 50,000,000 pounds proposed, were that imports will be small during the 1950–51 marketing season and that exports may be greater than those of the 1949–50 season, in which they are likely to exceed 13,000,000 pounds.

Information available to the Department indicates that its estimate of exports of 12,800,000 pounds during the 1949–50 season are reasonably probable. Firm evidence for increasing or decreasing this estimate was not submitted by any person.

It appears that there has been no appreciable change in the price of hops not under contract since the announcement of the proposed rule. It is evident, therefore, that the proposal to fix the salable quantity at 50,000,000 pounds has not weakened the market, and that grower income for the 1950 crop will be greater with a salable quantity of 50,000,000 pounds than 49,000,000 pounds.

Hop stocks during the 1949–50 marketing season were reduced to a level which appears to be less than brewers considered adequate. This is evidenced by increasing domestic prices during the season. The Board's allowance for an increase in stocks during the 1950-51 marketing year of 1,500,000 pounds appears to be justified.

The evidence as to the probable export level, the desire of brewers to increase their stocks, and the firm market for hops not under contract does not appear to justify an increase or a decrease in the proposed salable quantity of 50,000,000 pounds.

Therefore, after consideration of all relevant matters, including the estimates and recommendation of the Hop Control Board, the written data, views, and arguments received, and other pertinent data available to the Department, the salable quantity of 1950 crop hops is fixed as indicated in the order below.

(2) It is necessary to make effective not later than three days after publication of this section in the FEDERAL REGISTER this regulation as to the salable quantity of the 1950 crop of hops for the reason that the shipment of the current crop of hops is about to begin and it is necessary to have the salable quantity fixed in order to regulate such shipments. No preparation for this section is required which cannot be completed prior to such effective date. Therefore, good cause exists for not delaying the effective date of this section beyond three days after the publication of this section in the FEDERAL REGISTER (see section 4 (c) of the Administrative Procedure Act; 60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.).

(b) *Order.* The maximum quantity of hops produced during 1950 which may be handled in the form of hops and in the form of any hop product shall be 50,000,000 pounds (net dry weight).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 11th day of September 1950, to become effective at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., on the 3d day after the date of the publication of this document in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[SEAL] FLOYD F. HEDLUND,
Acting Director,
Fruit and Vegetable Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8066; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter IV—Production and Marketing Administration and Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter C—Loans, Purchases, and Other Operations

[1950 CCC Cotton Bulletin 1]

PART 607—COTTON

SUBPART—1950 COTTON LOAN PROGRAM

1950 COTTON LOAN BULLETIN

Correction

In Federal Register Document 50-7032, appearing at page 5187 of the issue for Friday, August 11, 1950, as corrected on page 5990 of the issue for Wednesday, September 6, 1950, the following additional change should be made in the schedule under § 607.130: For Spotted, Middling, under Staple length (inches) 1 3/16, "-153" should read "-155".

TITLE 13—BUSINESS CREDIT

Chapter I—Reconstruction Finance Corporation

[Reg. 11]

PART 4—CLAIMS ARISING UNDER FOOD SUBSIDY PROGRAMS

Sec.
4.1 Purpose.
4.2 Filing of protests.
4.3 Applicability.

AUTHORITY: §§ 4.1 to 4.3 issued under sec. 2, 56 Stat. 24, as amended, 56 Stat. 765; 50 U. S. C. App. 902, 961, 962. Sec. 202 (c), E. O. 9841, Apr. 23, 1947, 12 F. R. 2645, 3 CFR, 1947 Supp.

§ 4.1 *Purpose.* The last period in respect of which meat subsidies were payable was the October 1946 subsidy period. All other food subsidy programs were earlier terminated. All claims for food subsidies heretofore presented have received administrative consideration. No new claims could, under the applicable regulations, be filed at this late date. It is, therefore, appropriate and administratively necessary to complete these programs by requiring all unsettled items to be formally presented so that they may be finally disposed of.

§ 4.2 *Filing of protests.* The refusal or failure of Reconstruction Finance Corporation by the date of issuance of this part to make payment of, or to give appropriate credit for, claimed food subsidies shall be deemed an order denying such payment or credit. No protest against an order denying such payment or credit, in whole or in part, will be considered unless filed with Reconstruction Finance Corporation on or before December 15, 1950. The failure to file a protest on or before such date will be presumed conclusively to constitute an abandonment of any claim to such payment or credit.

§ 4.3 *Applicability.* This part shall apply to claims arising under Regulation No. 2 of Defense Supplies Corporation (butter subsidies) (8 F. R. 10825, 15798; 12 F. R. 66; 32 CFR Part 7002, 1943–1946 Supps.); Regulation No. 3, as amended (8 F. R. 10826, 15799; 9 F. R. 1820; 10 F. R. 4241, 7539, 8073, 11155; 12 F. R. 66; 32 CFR Part 7003, 1943–1946 Supps.), of Defense Supplies Corporation, and Revised Regulation No. 3, as amended, and Regulation No. 10 of Reconstruction Finance Corporation (meat subsidies); and Regulation No. 4, as amended (9 F. R. 1822, 7710, 12092; 10 F. R. 524; 12 F. R. 66; 32 CFR Part 7004, 1944–1946 Supps.), of Defense Supplies Corporation and Regulation No. 9 of Reconstruction Finance Corporation (flour subsidies). This part shall not apply to those claims on which completion of administrative action has been suspended because of referral to the Department of Justice.

This regulation shall become effective upon issuance.

Issued this 14th day of September 1950.

RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION,
[SEAL] LEO NIELSON,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8143; Filed, Sept 14, 1950; 11:18 a. m.]

TITLE 15—COMMERCE AND FOREIGN TRADE

Chapter III—Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce

Subchapter C—Office of Industry and Commerce

[5th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. P. L. 15]

PART 399—POSITIVE LIST OF COMMODITIES AND RELATED MATTERS

COTTON

Section 399.1 Appendix A—*Positive List of Commodities* is amended in the following particulars:

The following commodities are added to the Postive List. In addition, linters classified under Schedule B Nos. 300405 and 300406, now on the Positive List, are changed from R to RO commodities as set forth below.

Department of Commerce Schedule B No.	Commodity	Unit	Processing code and related commodity group	GLV dollar value limits	Validated license required
	Cotton, unmanufactured:				
	Raw cotton, except linters (averaging approximately 510 to 520 pounds per running bale):				
300005 300006	American Egyptian (Pima) and Sea Island	Pound Bale	TEXT	250	EO
300205 300206	Upland, staple length 1⅛ inches and over (U. S. Official Standard).	Pound Bale	TEXT	250	EO
300101 300102	Upland, staple length 1 1/16 up to but not including 1⅛ inches (U. S. Official Standard).	Pound Bale	TEXT	250	EO
300303 300304	Upland, staple length 1 1/16 up to but not including 1 1/16 inches (U. S. Official Standard).	Pound Bale	TEXT	250	EO
300307 300308	Upland, staple length under 1 1/16 inch (U. S. Official Standard).	Pound Bale	TEXT	250	EO
300311 300312	Foreign cotton, re-exported (when shipped by the bale, staple length and country of origin to be reported by the shipper).	Pound Bale	TEXT	250	EO
	Linters (averaging approximately 615 to 625 pounds per running bale):				
300402 300403	Grades 1 to 4 inclusive (U. S. Official Standard) (Motes included).	Pound Bale	TEXT	100	EO
300405 300406	Grades 5 to 7 inclusive (U. S. Official Standard) (Cottonseed hull fiber included).	Pound Bale	TEXT	100	EO

Shipments of any commodities removed from general license to Country Group R or Country Group O destinations as a result of changes set forth above which were on dock, on lighter, laden aboard an exporting carrier, or in transit to a port of exit pursuant to actual orders for export prior to the effective date of this amendment may be exported under the previous general license provisions.

(63 Stat. 7; E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.; E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59, 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

This amendment shall become effective as of September 8, 1950, 11 a. m., e. d. t.

Issued this 12th day of September 1950.

[SEAL] RAYMOND S. HOOVER,
Issuance Officer.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8032; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Customs, Department of the Treasury

[T. D. 52554]

PART 1—CUSTOMS DISTRICTS AND PORTS

CHANGE IN AREA; REPUBLIC OF HAITI, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Section 1.5, Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR 1.5), is amended by deleting the period at the end of the area shown for Customs Agency District No. 6, and inserting in lieu thereof a comma followed by "the Republic of Haiti, the Dominican Republic."

(R. S. 161; sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 5 U. S. C. 22, 19 U. S. C. 1624)

[SEAL] FRANK DOW,
Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: September 8, 1950.

JOHN S. GRAHAM,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8072; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

TITLE 22—FOREIGN RELATIONS

Chapter I—Department of State

[Dept. Reg. 108.114]

PART 67—EMERGENCY AID TO SELECTED CITIZENS OF CHINA

Pursuant to the provisions of the Chinese Students section of Title I of the Foreign Aid Appropriations Act, 1950 (Public Law 327, 81st Congress) and the China Area Aid Act of 1950 (Title II, section 202 of the Foreign Economic Assistance Act of 1950, Public Law 535, 81st Congress), Part 67 of Title 22 of the Code of Federal Regulations is revised to read as follows:

Sec.
67.1 Definitions.
67.2 Purpose of the program.
67.3 Qualifications for participation.
67.4 Categories of persons eligible.
67.5 Terms and conditions.
67.6 Application procedure.
67.7 Employment privileges.
67.8 Payments in advance of expenditures.
67.9 Payees and mode of payment.
67.10 Individual authorization.
67.11 Emergency payments.

AUTHORITY: §§ 67.1 to 67.11 issued under Pub. Laws 327, 535, 81st Cong.

§ 67.1 *Definitions.* (a) The term "program" refers to the program of emergency aid to selected citizens of China.

(b) "Selected citizens of China" means citizens of China, as evidenced by a passport or other acceptable identifying document, who shall apply for assistance under this program and who, because they fulfill all requirements as set forth in this part, are deemed eligible for assistance in one of the following categories:

(1) A "student" for the purpose of study or to perform research or both, at or in connection with an established institution of learning and/or research; or,

(2) A "teacher" for the purpose of imparting knowledge to others at the elementary, secondary school, and junior college levels, or one who trains or directs others seeking knowledge; or,

(3) A "professor" as one who functions as a lecturing or teaching officer in a university, college or other accredited institution approved under this part; or,

(4) "Research scholar" as one who undertakes a bona fide project within the scope of the basic legislative authorization under the direct supervision of or in connection with an established college or university, private laboratory or research center, government agency or similar institution as well as an industrial concern which has adequate research and supervisory facilities.

(c) The term "eligible" means legally acceptable for assistance within the meaning and intent of either the Chinese Students section of Title I of the Foreign Aid Appropriations Act, 1950 (Public Law 327, 81st Congress) or the China Area Aid Act of 1950 (Public Law 535, 81st Congress).

(d) The term "approved institution" means any college, university, research center or other educational institution approved by the Divison of Exchange of Persons with such advice and recommendations from competent agencies and private organizations as deemed necessary.

(e) The term "official representative" means a person designated by the president of the approved institution to the Division of Exchange of Persons who will issue application forms on behalf of the Department of State and such institution, advise applicants, report to the Department any change in the grantee's financial or academic status, certify to the accuracy of applications, and transmit grants.

§ 67.2 *Purpose of the program.* The purpose of the program shall be to provide financial assistance to worthy and needy Chinese students, teachers, professors and scholars in fields of specialized knowledge and skill to permit their achievement of approved educational objectives, and/or to make possible their pursuance of advanced research and related academic and technical activities in the United States in accordance with the provisions of the Chinese Students section of Title I of the Foreign Aid Appropriations Act, 1950 (Public Law 327, 81st Congress) and the China Area Aid Act of 1950 (Public Law 535, 81st Congress, Title II, section 202).

§ 67.3 *Qualifications for participation.* In order to qualify for assistance under the program, an individual: (a) Shall be a citizen of China as that term is defined in § 67.1; (b) shall be in financial need as certified by his official representative and his references; (c) shall be acceptable for study, teaching or research in an accredited college, university, or other educational institution in the United States as approved by the Department of State; (d) shall, in the case of an applicant for a research grant, demonstrate to the satisfaction of appropriate officials in the Department of State that he is fully equipped to perform advanced research or related academic or technical activities.

§ 67.4 *Categories of persons eligible.* Selected citizens of China, in order to be eligible for this program, shall have been legally admitted into the United States

on appropriate visas and have a valid immigration status at the time of application for a grant (except for persons qualifying for admittance under paragraph (c) of this section who shall be otherwise qualified for admission to the United States under the general immigration laws and regulations), and must fall within one of the following categories:

(a) They shall be persons in the United States prior to January 1, 1950, unless exceptional hardship can be proved, who were eligible under the policies governing previous authorizations;

(b) They shall be persons located in the United States prior to January 1, 1950, unless exceptional hardship can be proved, who are eligible under Public Law 535, 81st Congress, and who have been ineligible for assistance under previous authorizations; or

(c) They shall be bona fide students, teachers, professors, scholars or research workers resident outside of China and outside the United States, and those persons in Free China eligible under Public Law 535, 81st Congress, who have not been eligible under previous authorizations.

§ 67.5 *Terms and conditions.* A citizen of China, when selected for a grant under this program, may receive any or all of the following:

(a) *Transportation expenses.* When travel is authorized, funds to cover the case shall be made available as follows:

(1) For selected grantees in paragraphs (a) and (b) of § 67.4, necessary minimum transportation within the United States to the educational institution concerned and return travel to China when authorized.

(2) For participants in the program who fall within paragraph (c) of § 67.4, necessary minimum transportation from place of residence abroad to nearest port of embarkation, third class boat passage from that port to port of entry into the United States, and coach transportation from the port of entry into the United States to his place of study or assignment in the United States; provided, however, that higher class transportation may be allowed in individual cases when specifically authorized or approved in the travel order.

(3) For all participants upon completion of assignment, attainment of academic objectives, or discharge from participation because of failure to maintain satisfactory academic standards, or for the convenience of the Government, coach transportation from residence or place of study or assignment in the United States to San Francisco, California (or other convenient port of departure), and third class boat passage from that port to port of entry in China (or nearest port accessible to China for disembarkation at time of departure of grantee), or to place of residence abroad when the grant was awarded: *Provided, however,* That higher class transportation may be allowed in individual cases when specifically authorized or approved in the travel order.

(b) *Subsistence.* Such subsistence allowance as is sufficient to cover room and board commensurate with a normal standard of living will be provided for all needy participants. Provisions for the payment of back debts are expressly not made, except as provided in § 67.5 (d). In no case may such payments be made for a period prior to the enactment of Public Law 535, 81st Congress, June 5, 1950. Additional subsistence may be granted if the participant has dependents in the United States (spouse and minor children) for whose financial support he is solely responsible.

(c) *Tuition and incidental expenses.* Grantees under this program may be granted such tuition and incidental expense funds as are considered essential to the attainment of their educational objectives.

(d) *Emergency medical care.* Participants in this program may receive additional minimum and necessary funds to cover expenses actually arising from emergency medical and surgical treatment. This provision expressly excludes payments for routine examinations and treatments not considered by the appropriate official representative as being emergency in character. When an emergency arises involving medical care the Department of State shall be notified immediately. Payments authorized under this provision shall be made only upon the receipt of an itemized bill and an appropriate affidavit from the official representative and for limited expenses incurred after the enactment of Public Law 535, 81st Congress, June 5, 1950.

(e) *Grants in general.* All grants shall be made for a period not exceeding one year. Grants shall be effective only so long as the grantee is undertaking the specific project at the particular institution for which he was approved, is performing satisfactorily, and reports all changes in his economic and financial status to the official representative at the university which may be the basis for adjustment or cancellation of his grant. Grants may be terminated at the Department's discretion.

§ 67.6 *Application procedure.* (a) Application forms DSP–42, "Application for Emergency Aid to Chinese Students", shall be supplied to designated official representatives of the program in each participating institution. Chinese students located in the United States shall apply through the institution's designated official representative who will supply the necessary forms on behalf of the Department, advise and assist students in the preparation of their applications, certify to the accuracy and completion of the applications, and submit the applications to the Division of Exchange of Persons, Department of State, Washington, D. C.

(b) Form DSP–42a, "Application for Emergency Aid to Chinese Students, Teachers, Professors, Researchers and Scholars", shall be used by all applicants except students residing in the United States. This form is obtainable from the designated official representatives or at the Department's missions.

§ 67.7 *Employment privileges.* Citizens of China who have been admitted for the purpose of study, or who are now studying in the United States under this program may be granted permission to accept employment upon application filed in accordance with regulations to be prescribed by the Attorney General. Official representatives at universities must report all changes in the economic and financial status of the grantee, including new income or cessation of income from employment, to the Department for the purpose of making appropriate adjustments in the individual's grant.

§ 67.8 *Payments in advance of expenditures.* Participants in this program who receive awards may be authorized to have payments made to them in advance of the actual expenditures.

§ 67.9 *Payees and mode of payment.* All payments for tuition, subsistence, incidental expenses, and emergency medical care shall be made payable to the individual grantee. Checks issued in the name of the grantee shall be transmitted to the appropriate official representative.

§ 67.10 *Individual authorization.* Where the regulations in this part provide for payments, no payment may be made therefor unless a grant is made in the individual case.

§ 67.11 *Emergency payments.* Any emergency, unusual, or additional payments deemed necessary under this program, if allowable under existing authority, may be authorized whether or not specifically provided for in this part.

NOTE: See Department of State, Public Notice 59, in Notices section, *infra*.

For the Secretary of State.

CARLISLE H. HUMELSINE,
Deputy Under Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 11, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50–8115; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 24—HOUSING AND HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter II—Federal Housing Administration, Housing and Home Finance Agency

Subchapter B—Property Improvement Loans

PART 201—CLASS 1 AND CLASS 2 PROPERTY IMPROVEMENT LOANS

REPORT OF LOANS AND MILITARY SERVICE CASES

1. Section 201.10 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 201.10 *Report of loans.* Loans shall be reported on the prescribed form to the Federal Housing Administration at Washington, D. C., within 31 days from the date of the note or date upon which it was purchased. Any loan refinanced as provided in § 201.9 shall likewise be reported on the prescribed form within 31 days from date of refinancing. In any case, the Commissioner may, in his discretion, accept a late report. During the period Regulation W, issued by the

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, effective September 18, 1950, is in effect, the execution and submission of a loan report pursuant to this section shall be deemed a representation by the insured that it has complied with all requirements of said Regulation W applicable to the transaction reported for insurance.

2. Section 201.11 (c) is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph (3):

§ 201.11 *Claims.* * * *

(c) *Maximum claim period.* * * *

(3) Military Service cases, if at any time during default a person primarily or secondarily liable for the repayment of any loan is a "person in military service," as such term is defined in the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940, as amended, the period during which he is in military service shall be excluded in computing the time within which claim must be made for reimbursement under the provisions of this part.

(Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1246, as amended; 12 U. S. C. and Sup., 1703)

Issued at Washington, D. C., September 12, 1950.

WALTER L. GREENE,
Acting Federal Housing Commissioner.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8065; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

Chapter VIII—Office of Housing Expediter

[Controlled Housing Rent Reg., Amdt. 277, Corr.]

[Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments Rent Reg., Amdt. 274, Corr.]

PART 825—RENT REGULATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING AND RENT ACT OF 1947, AS AMENDED

PENNSYLVANIA

The Controlled Housing Rent Regulation (§§ 825.1 to 825.12 and the Rent Regulation for Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments (§§ 825.81 to 825.92 are corrected in the following respect:

In the last paragraph of Item 6 of Amendment 277 to §§ 825.1–12 and Amendment 274 to §§ 825.81–92, relative to the decontrol of the Borough of Lemoyne in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, the words "Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Defense-Rental Area" are corrected to read "Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, Defense-Rental Area."

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

This correction shall be effective as of September 1, 1950.

Issued this 12th day of September 1950.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Housing Expediter.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8076; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Controlled Housing Rent Reg., Amdt. 282]

[Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments Rent Reg., Amdt. 279]

PART 825—RENT REGULATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING AND RENT ACT OF 1947, AS AMENDED

ILLINOIS, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, AND CONNECTICUT

The Controlled Housing Rent Regulation (§§ 825.1 to 825.12) and the Rent Regulation for Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments (§§ 825.81 to 825.92) are amended in the following respects:

1. Schedule C, Item 88, the description of localities affected by declarations for continuance of rent control after December 31, 1950, is amended to read as follows:

In LaSalle County, the Cities of Oglesby and Streator.

This adds to Schedule C the City of Oglesby in LaSalle County, Illinois, a portion of the LaSalle County, Illinois, Defense-Rental Area, based on a declaration made on August 28, 1950, by the local governing body of said City in accordance with section 204 (f) (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

2. In Schedule C, Item 188a, the description of localities affected by declarations for continuance of rent control after December 31, 1950, is amended to read as follows:

In Camden County, the City of Camden and the Boroughs of Lindenwold and Oaklyn.

This adds to Schedule C the City of Camden in Camden County, New Jersey, a portion of the Southern New Jersey Defense-Rental Area, based on a declaration made on August 24, 1950, by the local governing body of said City in accordance with section 204 (f) (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

3. In Schedule C, Item 190, the description of localities affected by declarations for continuance of rent control after December 31, 1950, is amended to read as follows:

In Bergen County, the Cities of East Rutherford and North Arlington and the Boroughs of Fort Lee and Teterboro; in Hudson County, the Cities of Bayonne, Hoboken, Jersey City and Union City, the Town of West New York, and the Township of North Bergen; in Union County, the City of Linden and the Borough of Roselle; in Essex County, the City of Newark; in Morris County, the Township of Hanover; and in Monmouth County, the City of Long Branch.

This adds to Schedule C the Town of West New York in Hudson County, New Jersey, a portion of the Northeastern New Jersey Defense-Rental Area, based on a declaration made on August 28, 1950, by the local governing body of said Town in accordance with section 204 (f) (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

4. In Schedule C, Item 191, the description of localities affected by declarations for continuance of rent control after December 31, 1950, is amended to read as follows:

In Mercer County, the City of Trenton, the Townships of Ewing and Hamilton, and all unincorporated localities; in Hunterdon County, all unincorporated localities; and in Warren County, except the Townships of Pahaquarry, Hardwick and Frelinghausen, all unincorporated localities.

This adds to Schedule C Ewing Township in Mercer County, New Jersey, a portion of the Trenton, New Jersey, Defense-Rental Area, based on a declaration made on August 4, 1950, by the local governing body of said Township in accordance with section 204 (f) (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

5. In Schedule C, Item 267, the description of localities affected by declarations for continuance of rent control after December 31, 1950, is amended to read as follows:

In Allegheny County, the City of McKee's Rocks; and in Beaver County, the Boroughs of Aliquippa and Ambridge.

This adds to Schedule C the borough of Ambridge in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, a portion of the Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Defense-Rental Area, based on a declaration made by the local governing body of said borough on August 14, 1950, in accordance with section 204 (f) (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

6. In Schedule C, Item 48, the description of localities affected by declarations for continuance of rent controls after December 31, 1950, is amended to read as follows:

In Hartford County, the city of New Britain.

This deletes from Item 48 of Schedule C the city of Ansonia in New Haven County, Connecticut, which is added to Item 49 of Schedule C by Item 7 of this amendment, said city of Ansonia being a portion of the New Haven, Connecticut, Defense-Rental Area.

7. The following net items are incorporated in Schedule C:

Name of defense-rental area	State	Localities affected by declarations for continuance of rent control after Dec. 31, 1950
(49) New Haven	Connecticut	In New Haven County, the city of Ansonia and the town of West Haven.
(241a) Washington Court House	Ohio	In Fayette County, the city of Washington Court House (coextensive with Washington township).

This addition to Schedule C is based upon (1) a declaration made on August 18, 1950, by the local governing body of the town of West Haven, Connecticut, and (2) a declaration made on August 23, 1950, by the local governing body of the city of Washington Court House, Ohio, both in accordance with section 204 (f) (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended. The city of Ansonia in New Haven County, Connecticut, was previously incorporated in Schedule C, effective as of August 14, 1950, and the listing thereof is hereby transferred from Item 48 of Schedule C to Item 49 thereof.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Supp. 1894)

This amendment shall be effective with respect to each locality covered thereby as of the date on which the declaration affecting that locality was made.

Issued this 12th day of September 1950.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Housing Expediter.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8077; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 29—LABOR

Chapter V—Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor

PART 526—INDUSTRIES OF A SEASONAL NATURE

DRYING AND STORING, INCLUDING RECEIVING, OF ROUGH SOUTHERN RICE

Application was filed by the Texas Rice Driers Association, The American Rice Growers Cooperative Association of Louisiana, and the Arkansas Rice Growers Cooperative Association for amendment of the determination (5 F. R. 2758) that the movement to storage and the receiving into storage of rough southern rice is an industry of a seasonal nature within the meaning of section 7 (b) (3) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 1063; 29 U. S. C. 207 (b) (3) and Part 526 of the regulations issued thereunder (29 CFR Part 526) to include the artificial drying of rice prior to placing it in storage.

It appears from the application that:

(1) At the time the original determination was issued (August 1, 1940) rice was dried in shocks in the field and normally not threshed until the moisture content was low enough to permit safe storage. Since that time the binder and stationary thresher used in that process have been almost entirely supplanted by the direct-combine-drier method of harvesting. At the present time, combine rice is harvested with a relatively high moisture content and must be dried artificially before storage. The use of the combine has necessitated the addition of drying equipment in the movement of rough southern rice to storage.

(2) The industry in Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana and other southern States which engages in the movement to storage and the receiving into storage of rough southern rice, heretofore determined to be of a seasonal nature, now also engages in the drying of rough southern rice prior to storage.

(3) Rough southern rice is harvested in Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas and other southern States commencing about August 1 each year and continuing until about December 15. The bulk of the rice crop produced in these states moves to rice-driers and warehouses immediately after harvesting.

(4) As received from the farm, rice is a perishable commodity which must be dried to a moisture content of approximately 13.5 percent and such drying must be performed within a period of approximately 24 hours from the time the rice is cut.

(5) The industry engages in the handling, extracting, or processing of materials during a season occurring in a regularly annually recurring part of the year and ceases production apart from work such as maintenance, repair, clerical, and sales work in the remainder of the year because of the fact that the rice is not available.

On August 21, 1950, upon consideration on the facts stated in said application I determined, pursuant to § 526.5 (b) (2), that a prima facie case had been shown for finding that the industry engaged in drying or storing or drying and storing, including receiving, of rough southern rice in the States of Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and other southern States constitutes an industry of a seasonal nature within the meaning of section 7 (b) (3) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and § 526.3 (a). This preliminary determination was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on August 24, 1950, and interested persons were given 15 days from such date to file objections or a request for a hearing.

No objections or request for hearing have been received within the said 15 days.

Accordingly, pursuant to § 526.5 (b) (2), I hereby find that there is an industry engaged in the drying or storing or drying and storing, including receiving, of rough southern rice in the States of Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana and other southern States, that such industry is of a seasonal nature within the meaning of section 7 (b) (3) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and § 526.3 (a).

The term "drying or storing or drying and storing, including receiving, of rough southern rice" includes the unloading, weighing, marking for identification, artificial drying, sacking, placing into storage and storing of rough rice in the States of Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana and other southern States, and any operations or services necessary or incident to the foregoing during the period or periods when rice is received for drying or storing or drying and storing.

In view of the fact that the industry in question is in the midst of its season at the present time, I find that it is necessary to make this determination effective immediately. Accordingly it shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(52 Stat. 1060; 29 U. S. C. 201 et seq.)

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 12th day of September 1950.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8070; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

TITLE 44—PUBLIC PROPERTY AND WORKS

Chapter IV—Department of Commerce

[Foreign Excess Property Order 1, as Amended Aug. 23, 1950]

PART 401—DISPOSAL OF FOREIGN EXCESS PROPERTY

IMPORTATION INTO THE UNITED STATES OF NONAGRICULTURAL FOREIGN EXCESS PROPERTY

EDITORIAL NOTE: Federal Register Document 50-7518, published at page 5847 of the issue for Wednesday, August 30, 1950, as Title 44, Chapter VI, Part 601, should be designated Chapter IV, Part 401, and §§ 601.1 to 601.10 should be designated §§ 401.1 to 401.10. The references to § 508.15 of Chapter V of this title, appearing in §§ 401.4 and 401.5, should be changed to § 308.15 of Chapter III of this title.

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

[S. O. 865]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

DEMURRAGE ON FREIGHT CARS

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of September A. D. 1950.

It appearing, that freight cars are being delayed unduly in loading and unloading, or while held for orders, bill of lading, payment of freight charges, reconsignment, diversion, reshipment, inspection, or forwarding directions, causing a shortage of equipment and impeding and diminishing the use, control, supply, movement, distribution, exchange, interchange, and return of such cars; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency requiring immediate action to promote the National Defense and car service in the interest of the public and the commerce of the people, exists in all sections of the country: It is ordered, that:

§ 95.865 *Demurrage on freight cars*—(a) *Freight cars not subject to an average agreement.* When demurrage detention of cars occurs, for which charges are or may be lawfully provided by tariffs, the demurrage charges on freight cars not included in an average agreement, held by consignors or consignees for any purpose, shall be: $5.00 per car per day or fraction thereof for the first and second days; $10.00 per car per day or fraction thereof for the third and fourth days; $20.00 per car per day for each succeeding day or fraction thereof.

(b) *Freight cars subject to an average agreement.* When demurrage detention occurs to cars held for loading or unloading under average agreement rules for which charges are or may be lawfully provided by tariffs, the demurrage charges on freight cars shall be: $5.00 per car per day or fraction thereof for the first and second days; $10.00 per car per day or fraction thereof for the third and fourth days; $20.00 per car per day for each succeeding day or fraction thereof. Each $5.00 debit day charge shall be offset or reduced by accrued credits only at the ratio of two (2) credits for one (1) debit, an odd credit to be disregarded. Charges at rates in excess of $5.00 per car per day shall not be offset or reduced by accrued credits.

(c) *Application.* (1) The provisions of this section, subject to the following exceptions, shall apply to intrastate and interstate traffic as well as foreign traffic, including commerce with insular possessions and the territories of Alaska and Hawaii.

Exceptions. Export, coastwise, or intercoastal bulk freight (including coal, coke, and vessel fuel) during the period such bulk freight is held in cars at ports (including Great Lakes) for transfer to vessels is not subject to this order. Bulk freight means any carload freight consisting of any non-liquid, non-gaseous commodity shipped loose or in mass and which in the unloading thereof is ordinarily shoveled, scooped, forked, or mechanically conveyed, or which is not in containers or in units of such size as to permit piece by piece unloading.

(2) Description of cars subject to this section: This section shall apply to all freight cars subject to published demurrage rules and charges on file with the Interstate Commerce Commission or State Commissions.

(3) Allowance for bunching of cars subject to an average agreement: The provisions of section E, Rule 9 of Freight Tariff I. C. C. No. 4257, as amended, or reissues thereof, or similar rules in other tariffs, are hereby suspended insofar as they prohibit the cancellation or refunding of demurrage charges account bunching of cars for unloading. The provisions of Paragraph 2, section B, Rule 8, of Tariff I. C. C. No. 4257, or similar rules in other tariffs, shall be applicable to the extent that the allowances provided therein shall be made only on cars originating at the same point, moving via the same route, and consigned to one consignee at one point, which are tendered for delivery in accumulated numbers in excess of the daily rate of shipment, provided written claim is filed in accordance with the provisions of that rule or similar rules in other tariffs; however, allowance shall be made only on cars accruing charges at rates in excess of $5.00 per car per day.

(d) *Effective date.* This section shall become effective at 7:00 a. m., September 15, 1950, and the provisions of this section shall apply to all chargeable detention occurring on and after the effective date and hour hereof.

(e) *Expiration date.* This section shall expire at 7:00 a. m., April 1, 1951, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended or annulled by order of the Commission.

(f) *Tariff provisions suspended.* (1) Except as provided in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph the operation of all rules, regulations or charges, insofar as they conflict with the provisions of this section, is hereby suspended.

(2) This section shall not change Demurrage Rule 8 of Tariff I. C. C. No. 4257 as amended or as reissued or similar rules in other tariffs relating to adjusting, canceling, or refunding demurrage charges arising from the unusual conditions or circumstances described in the said Rule 8 or similar rules in other tariffs except as provided herein.

(g) *Announcement of suspension.* Each railroad, or its agent, shall publish, file and post a supplement to each of its tariffs affected thereby, in substantial accordance with the provisions of Rule 9 (k) of the Commission's Tariff Circular No. 20 (§ 141.9 (k) of this chapter) announcing the suspension of the operation of any of the conflicting provisions therein, and establishing the substituted provisions set forth herein.

It is further ordered, that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the State railroad regulatory bodies of each State, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

(Sec. 12, 24 Stat. 383, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 12. Interprets or applies sec. 1, 24 Stat. 379, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 1)

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8073; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[S. O. 866]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

RAILROAD OPERATING REGULATIONS FOR FREIGHT CAR MOVEMENT

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of September A. D. 1950.

It appearing, that an acute shortage of freight cars exists in all sections of the country; that cars loaded and empty are unduly delayed in terminals and in placement at industries; that present rules, regulations, and practices with respect to the use, supply, control, movement, distribution, exchange, interchange, and return of freight cars are insufficient to promote the most efficient utilization of cars; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency requiring immediate action to promote the National Defense and car service in the interest of the public and the commerce of the people, exists in all sections of the country: it is ordered, that:

§ 95.866 *Railroad operating regulations for freight car movement.* (a) Each common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act shall observe and enforce the following rules, regulations, and practices with respect to its car service:

(1) Place or constructively place all in-bound loaded cars within twenty-four hours after the first 7:00 a. m. following arrival at destination station or serving yard, Sundays and holidays excepted.

(2) Remove empty cars after release from load within twenty-four hours after the first 7:00 a. m. following release, Sundays and holidays excepted, unless such cars are ordered or appropriated within such twenty-four hour period by the shipper for reloading.

(3) Remove all outbound loaded freight cars within twenty-four hours after the first 7:00 a. m. following tender and acceptance by carrier of the shipping order or bill of lading covering the cars, and forward within twenty-four hours after the first 7:00 a. m. following receipt in terminal, Sundays and holidays excepted.

Exceptions.

Nonrevenue cars in company material service;
Railroad fuel;
Company material, the unloading of which must await preparation of track or bridge structures, requiring special work train service;
Cars released on lines where less than daily service is provided, and efficient transportation would not warrant operation of a train for a few cars only;
Cars released at outlying stations where switching is not performed on Saturdays due to the majority of industries not working, and efficient transportation would not warrant operation of a train for a few cars only;
Privately owned or leased cars held or stored on private tracks when the ownership of the car and the track is the same;
Cars held for export, coastwise (including Great Lakes) or intercoastal shipment;
Cars held for reconsignment;
Cars held for Customs inspection;
Cars held for order notify bill of lading;
Causes beyond the control of each railroad.

(4) Restriction on holding cars for prospective loading: With due regard for efficient railroad operating practices hold no more cars for prospective loading at any time for any industry which it serves than those needed to protect current outbound loading, and where one or more other railroads also serve an industry each railroad shall arrange to prevent the aggregate holding of empty cars in excess of the industry's current needs.

Exception. Cars assembled for peak or seasonal movements and special types of cars for specific types of loading.

(5) Repair tracks: Weather conditions permitting, repair any cars taken out of service for repairs, or carded for repairs, at the earliest time consistent with efficient railroad operating practices.

(6) Notification of arrival of cars: Send or give notice of arrival or constructive placement as required by Rule No. 4 or Rule No. 5 of the Demurrage Tariff I. C. C. 4257 to the consignee or party entitled to receive same, within twenty-four hours, Sundays and holidays excepted, after arrival of car and billing at destination.

(7) Special car orders: Observe, obey, and comply with Special Car Orders now outstanding issued by Arthur H. Gass, Chairman, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads, and said Chairman is hereby appointed Agent of the Commission with directions and authority to issue such orders as may be necessary with respect to the location, relocation, and distribution of freight cars throughout the United States.

(8) Yard checks, supervision, and records: Make the necessary yard and track checks and maintain sufficient supervision and records to comply with the above provisions of this section.

(b) *Application.* The provisions of this section shall apply to intrastate, interstate and foreign commerce, including commerce with insular possessions and the territories of Alaska and Hawaii.

(c) *Regulations suspended; announcement required.* The operation of all rules and regulations insofar as they con-

flict with the provisions of this section is hereby suspended and each railroad subject to this section, or its agent, shall publish, file, and post a supplement to each of its tariffs affected hereby, in substantial accordance with the provisions of Rule 9 (k) of the Commission's Tariff Circular No. 20 (§ 141.9 (k) of this chapter), announcing such suspension.

(d) *Effective date.* This section shall become effective at 7:00 a. m., September 15, 1950.

(e) *Expiration date.* This section shall expire at 7:00 a. m., April 1, 1951, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended, or annulled by order of this Commission.

It is further ordered, that a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon the railroad regulatory body of each State and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads, subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

(Sec. 12, 24 Stat. 383, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 12. Interprets or applies secs. 1, 15, 24 Stat. 379, 384, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 1, 15)

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8074; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[S. O. 867]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

RESTRICTIONS ON TRAP AND FERRY CARS

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of September A. D. 1950.

It appearing that there is a shortage of freight cars in every section of the country; that the use of such cars in so-called "trap" or "ferry" car service prevents or impedes the full utilization of such cars and contributes to the general car shortage; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency requiring immediate action to promote the National Defense and car service in the interest of the public and the commerce of the people, exists in all sections of the country: It is ordered, that:

§ 95.867 *Restrictions on trap and ferry cars.* (a) No common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act shall provide, use or permit the use of a trap car or a ferry car between points in the same municipality or between contiguous municipalities or within a zone adjacent to or a part of any such municipality or municipalities, on its lines, except as follows:

(1) A car which is not suitable for interchange.

(2) Where there is no other common carrier or common carriers capable of transporting the shipment contained in the car.

(3) Where necessary to relieve congestion of carriers' freight house facilities because of inability to obtain transportation of the shipment or shipments by motor vehicle.

(4) Where motor vehicles are not available with which to move the shipment.

(5) Where the carriers' freight house or transfer facilities or consignor's or consignee's facilities are so located or constructed as to make it impracticable to transport the shipment by motor vehicles.

(6) A car containing perishable or explosives and dangerous articles.

(7) A pick-up or concentration car operated between points which from previous experience or actual present knowledge will arrive at destination with a net load of at least 10 tons.

(8) Shipments described in section 2 of Rule 27 of Consolidated Freight Classification.

(9) When authorized by special or general permit issued by the Director, Bureau of Service, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington 25, D. C.

(b) *Definition.* For the purpose of this section a trap or ferry car is any railroad car utilized for intra-terminal or so-called crosstown switching irrespective of whether the freight is moving at LCL rates, at per car rates or carload rates based on carload minimum specified in tariffs.

(c) *Application.* The provisions of this section shall apply to intrastate as well as interstate and foreign traffic.

(d) *Regulations suspended; announcement required.* The operation of all rules and regulations insofar as they conflict with the provisions of this section is hereby suspended and each railroad subject to this section, or its agent, shall publish, file, and post a supplement to each of its tariffs affected hereby, in substantial accordance with the provisions of Rule 9 (k) of the Commission's Tariff Circular No. 20 (§ 141.9 (k) of this chapter), announcing such suspension.

(e) *Effective date.* This section shall become effective at 11:59 p. m., September 20, 1950.

(f) *Expiration date.* This section shall expire at 11:59 p. m., March 31, 1951, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended or annulled by order of this Commission.

It is further ordered, that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the State railroad regulatory bodies of each State and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

(Sec. 12, 24 Stat. 383, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 12. Interprets or applies sec. 1, 24 Stat. 379, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 1)

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8075; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

[29 CFR, Part 656]

HAIRNET INDUSTRY IN PUERTO RICO

MINIMUM WAGE RATE

On March 17, 1950, pursuant to section 5 (a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, hereinafter called the act, I, as Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, by Administrative Order No. 395, appointed Special Industry Committee No. 7 for Puerto Rico, hereinafter called the Committee, and directed the Committee to investigate conditions in a number of industries in Puerto Rico specified and defined in the order, including the hairnet industry, and to recommend minimum wage rates for employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in such industries.

For purposes of investigating conditions in and recommending minimum wage rates for the hairnet industry in Puerto Rico, the Committee included three disinterested persons representing the public, a like number representing employers, and a like number representing employees in the hairnet industry, and was composed of residents of Puerto Rico and of the United States outside of Puerto Rico.

After investigating economic and competitive conditions in the hairnet industry in Puerto Rico, the Committee filed with me a report containing its recommendation for a minimum wage rate of 40 cents an hour to be paid employees in the Industry who are engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

Pursuant to notice published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on June 13, 1950, and circulated to all interested persons, a public hearing upon the Committee's recommendation was held before Hearing Examiner Clifford P. Grant, as presiding officer, in Washington, D. C. on July 12, 1950 at which all interested parties were given an opportunity to be heard. After the hearing was closed

the record of the hearing was certified to me by the presiding officer.

Upon reviewing all the evidence in this proceeding and after giving consideration to the provisions of the act, particularly sections 5 and 8 thereof, I have concluded that the recommendation of the Committee for a minimum wage rate in the hairnet industry in Puerto Rico, as defined, was made in accordance with law, is supported by the evidence adduced at the hearing and, taking into consideration the same factors as are required to be considered by the Committee, will carry out the purposes of sections 5 and 8 of the act.

I have set forth my decision in a document entitled "Findings and Opinion of the Administrator" in the matter of the recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 7 for Puerto Rico of a minimum wage rate in the hairnet industry in Puerto Rico, a copy of which may be had upon request addressed to the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C.

Accordingly, notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001) and the rules of practice governing this proceeding (15 F. R. 3701), that I propose to approve such recommendation of the Committee and to issue a wage order for the hairnet industry in Puerto Rico, to read as set forth below, to carry such recommendation into effect. Interested parties may submit written exceptions within 15 days from publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Exceptions should be addressed to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C. They should be submitted in quadruplicate, and should include supporting reasons for any exceptions.

Sec.
656.1 Approval of recommendation of industry committee.
656.2 Wage rate.
656.3 Notices of order.
656.4 Definition of the hairnet industry in Puerto Rico.

AUTHORITY: §§ 656.1 to 656.4 issued under sec. 8, 63 Stat. 915; 29 U. S. C. 208. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 63 Stat. 911; 29 U. S. C. 205.

§ 656.1 *Approval of recommendation of industry committee.* The Committee's recommendation is hereby approved.

§ 656.2 *Wage rate.* Wages at the rate of not less than 40 cents an hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, by every employer to each of his employees in the hairnet industry in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

§ 656.3 *Notices of order.* Every employer employing any employees so engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in the hairnet industry in Puerto Rico shall post and keep posted in a conspicuous place in each department of his establishment where such employees are working such notices of this order as shall be prescribed, from time to time, by the Wage and Hour Division of the United States Department of Labor and shall give such other notice as the Division may prescribe.

§ 656.4 *Definition of the hairnet industry in Puerto Rico.* The hairnet industry in Puerto Rico, to which this part shall apply, is hereby defined as follows: The manufacturing and packaging of hairnets made from any material.

This definition supersedes the definitions contained in any and all wage orders heretofore issued for other industries in Puerto Rico to the extent that such definitions include products or operations covered by the definition of this industry.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 11th day of September 1950.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8049; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[29 CFR, Part 662]

CEMENT INDUSTRY IN PUERTO RICO

MINIMUM WAGE RATE

On March 17, 1950, pursuant to section 5 (a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, hereinafter called the act, I, as Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, by Administrative Order No. 395, appointed Special Industry Committee No. 7 for Puerto Rico, hereinafter called the Committee, and directed the Committee to investigate conditions in a number of industries in Puerto Rico specified and defined in the order, including the cement industry, and to recommend minimum wage rates for employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in such industries.

For purposes of investigating conditions in and recommending minimum wage rates for the cement industry in Puerto Rico, the Committee included three disinterested persons representing the Public, a like number representing employers, and a like number representing employees in the cement industry, and was composed of residents of Puerto Rico and of the United States outside of Puerto Rico.

After investigating economic and competitive conditions in the cement industry in Puerto Rico, the Committee filed with me a report containing its recommendation for a minimum wage rate of 65 cents per hour to be paid employees in the industry who are engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

Pursuant to notice published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on June 13, 1950, and circulated to all interested persons, a public hearing upon the Committee's recommendation was held before Hearing Examiner Clifford P. Grant, as presiding officer, in Washington, D. C., on July 13, 1950, at which all interested parties were given an opportunity to be heard. After the hearing was closed the record of the hearing was certified to me by the presiding officer.

Upon reviewing all the evidence adduced in this proceeding and after giving consideration to the provisions of the act, particularly sections 5 and 8 thereof. I have concluded that the recommendation of the Committee for a minimum wage rate in the cement industry in Puerto Rico, as defined, was made in accordance with law, is supported by the evidence adduced at the hearing and, taking into consideration the same factors as are required to be considered by the Committee, will carry out the purposes of sections 5 and 8 of the act.

I have set forth my decision in a document entitled "Findings and Opinion of the Administrator" in the matter of the recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 7 for Puerto Rico of a minimum wage rate in the cement industry in Puerto Rico, a copy of which may be had upon request addressed to the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C.

Accordingly, notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001) and the rules of practice governing this proceeding (15 F. R. 3701), that I propose to approve such recommendation of the Committee and to issue a wage order for the cement industry in Puerto Rico to read as set forth below to carry such recommendation into effect. Interested parties may submit written exceptions within 15 days from publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Exceptions should be addressed to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C. They should be submitted in quadruplicate, and should include supporting reasons for any exceptions.

Sec.
662.1 Approval of recommendation of industry committee.
662.2 Wage rate.
662.3 Notices of order.
662.4 Definition of the cement industry in Puerto Rico.

AUTHORITY: §§ 662.1 to 662.4 issued under sec. 8, 63 Stat. 915; 29 U. S. C. 208. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 63 Stat. 911; 29 U. S. C. 205.

§ 662.1 *Approval of recommendation of industry committee.* The Committee's recommendation is hereby approved.

§ 662.2 *Wage rate.* Wages at the rate of not less than 65 cents an hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, by every employer to each of his employees in the cement industry in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

§ 662.3 *Notices of order.* Every employer employing any employees so engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in the cement industry in Puerto Rico shall post and keep posted in a conspicuous place in each department of his establishment where such employees are working such notices of this order as shall be prescribed, from

time to time, by the Wage and Hour Division of the United States Department of Labor and shall give such other notice as the Division may prescribe.

§ 662.4 *Definition of the cement industry in Puerto Rico.* The cement industry in Puerto Rico, to which this part shall apply, is hereby defined as follows: The manufacture of hydraulic cement including the extraction of raw materials therefor.

This definition supersedes the definitions contained in any and all wage orders heretofore issued for other industries in Puerto Rico to the extent that such definitions include products or operations covered by the definition of this industry.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 11th day of September 1950.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8048; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[29 CFR, Part 687]

HOSIERY INDUSTRY IN PUERTO RICO

MINIMUM WAGE RATE

On March 17, 1950, pursuant to section 5 (a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, hereinafter called the "act," I, as Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, by Administrative Order No. 395, appointed Special Industry Committee No. 7 for Puerto Rico, hereinafter called the "Committee," and directed the Committee to investigate conditions in a number of industries in Puerto Rico specified and defined in the order, including the hosiery industry, and to recommend minimum wage rates for employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in such industries.

For purposes of investigating conditions in and recommending minimum wage rates for the hosiery industry in Puerto Rico, the Committee included three disinterested persons representing the public, a like number representing employers, and a like number representing employees in the hosiery industry, and was composed of residents of Puerto Rico and of the United States outside of Puerto Rico.

After investigating economic and competitive conditions in the hosiery industry in Puerto Rico, the Committee filed with me a report containing its recommendation for a minimum wage rate of 40 cents per hour to be paid employees in the industry who are engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

Pursuant to notice published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on June 13, 1950, and circulated to all interested persons, a public hearing upon the Committee's recommendation was held before Hearing Examiner Clifford P. Grant, as presiding officer, in Washington, D. C., on July 12, 1950, at which all interested parties were given an opportunity to be heard. After the hearing was closed the record of the hearing was certified to me by the presiding officer.

Upon reviewing all the evidence adduced in this proceeding and after giving consideration to the provisions of the act, particularly sections 5 and 8 thereof, I have concluded that the recommendation of the Committee for a minimum wage rate in the hosiery industry in Puerto Rico, as defined, was made in accordance with law, is supported by the evidence adduced at the hearing and, taking into consideration the same factors as are required to be considered by the Committee, will carry out the purposes of sections 5 and 8 of the act.

I have set forth my decision in a document entitled "Findings and Opinion of the Administrator" in the matter of the recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 7 for Puerto Rico of a minimum wage rate in the hosiery industry in Puerto Rico, a copy of which may be had upon request addressed to the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C.

Accordingly, notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001) and the rules of practice governing this proceeding (15 F. R. 3701), that I propose to approve such recommendation of the Committee and to issue a wage order for the hosiery industry in Puerto Rico to read as set forth below to carry such recommendation into effect. Interested parties may submit written exceptions within 15 days from publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Exceptions should be addressed to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C. They should be submitted in quadruplicate, and should include supporting reasons for any exceptions.

Sec.
687.1 Approval of recommendation of industry committee.
687.2 Wage rate.
687.3 Notices of order.
687.4 Definition of the hosiery industry in Puerto Rico.

AUTHORITY: §§ 687.1 to 687.4 issued under sec. 8, 63 Stat. 915; 29 U. S. C. 208. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 63 Stat. 911; 29 U. S. C. 205.

§ 687.1 *Approval of recommendation of industry committee.* The Committee's recommendation is hereby approved.

§ 687.2 *Wage rate.* Wages at the rate of not less than 40 cents an hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, by every employer to each of his employees in the hosiery industry in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

§ 687.3 *Notices of order.* Every employer employing any employees so engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in the hosiery industry in Puerto Rico shall post and keep posted in a conspicuous place in each department of his establishment where such employees are working such notices of this order as shall be prescribed, from time to time, by the Wage and Hour Division of the United States Department of Labor and shall give such other notice as the Division may prescribe.

§ 687.4 *Definition of the hosiery industry in Puerto Rico.* The hosiery industry in Puerto Rico, to which this part shall apply, is hereby defined as follows: The manufacturing or processing of full-fashioned and seamless hosiery including among other processes the knitting, dyeing, clocking, and all phases of finishing hosiery, but not including the manufacturing or processing of yarn or thread.

This definition supersedes the definitions contained in any and all wage orders heretofore issued for other industries in Puerto Rico to the extent that such definitions include products or operations covered by the definition of this industry.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 11th day of September, 1950.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8050; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[29 CFR, Part 688]

ARTIFICIAL FLOWER INDUSTRY IN PUERTO RICO

MINIMUM WAGE RATE

On March 17, 1950, pursuant to section 5 (a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, hereinafter called the "act", I, as Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, by Administrative Order No. 395, appointed Special Industry Committee No. 7 for Puerto Rico, hereinafter called the "Committee", and directed the Committee to investigate conditions in a number of industries in Puerto Rico specified and defined in the order, including the artificial flower industry, and to recommend minimum wage rates for employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in such industries.

For purposes of investigating conditions in and recommending minimum wage rates for the artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico, the Committee included three disinterested persons representing the public, a like number representing employers, and a like number representing employees in the artificial flower industry, and was composed of residents of Puerto Rico and of the United States outside of Puerto Rico.

After investigating economic and competitive conditions in the artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico, the Committee filed with me a report containing its recommendation for a minimum wage rate of 43 cents an hour to be paid employees in the Industry who are engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

Pursuant to notice published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on June 13, 1950, and circulated to all interested persons, a

public hearing upon the Committee's recommendation was held before Hearing Examiner Clifford P. Grant, as presiding officer, in Washington, D. C. on July 11, 1950 at which all interested parties were given an opportunity to be heard. After the hearing was closed the record of the hearing was certified to me by the presiding officer.

Upon reviewing all the evidence in this proceeding and after giving consideration to the provisions of the act, particularly sections 5 and 8 thereof, I have concluded that the recommendation of the Committee for a minimum wage rate in the artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico, as defined, was made in accordance with law, is supported by the evidence adduced at the hearing and, taking into consideration the same factors as are required to be considered by the Committee, will carry out the purposes of sections 5 and 8 of the act.

I have set forth my decision in a document entitled "Findings and Opinion of the Administrator" in the matter of the recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 7 for Puerto Rico of a minimum wage rate in the artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico, a copy of which may be had upon request addressed to the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C.

Accordingly, notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001) and the rules of practice governing this proceeding (15 F. R. 3701), that I propose to approve such recommendation of the Committee and to issue a wage order for the artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico, to read as set forth below, to carry such recommendation into effect. Interested parties may submit written exceptions within 15 days from publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Exceptions should be addressed to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C. They should be submitted in quadruplicate, and should include supporting reasons for any exceptions.

Sec.
688.1 Approval of recommendation of industry committee.
688.2 Wage rate.
688.3 Notices of order.
688.4 Definition of the artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico.

AUTHORITY: §§ 688.1 to 688.4 issued under sec. 8, 63 Stat. 915; 29 U. S. C. 208. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 63 Stat. 911; 29 U. S. C. 205.

§ 688.1 *Approval of recommendation of industry committee.* The Committee's recommendation is hereby approved.

§ 688.2 *Wage rate.* Wages at the rate of not less than 43 cents an hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, by every employer to each of his employees in the artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

§ 688.3 *Notice of order.* Every employer employing any employees so engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in the artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico shall post and keep posted in a conspicuous place in each department of his establishment where such employees are working such notices of this order as shall be prescribed, from time to time, by the Wage and Hour Division of the United States Department of Labor and shall give such other notice as the Division may prescribe.

§ 688.4 *Definition of the artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico.* The artificial flower industry in Puerto Rico, to which this part shall apply, is hereby defined as follows: The manufacturing and assembling of artificial flowers, buds, berries, foliage, leaves, fruits, plants, stems, and branches.

This definition does not include such products as are not commonly or commercially known as "artificial" such as flowers made by blowing glass, molding plastic, or carving wood.

This definition supersedes the definitions contained in any and all wage orders heretofore issued for other industries in Puerto Rico to the extent that such definitions include products or operations covered by the definition of this industry.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 11th day of September 1950.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8047; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[17 CFR, Part 230]

SECURITIES EXEMPTED

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

Notice is hereby given that the Securities and Exchange Commission has under consideration a proposal to amend Regulation A under section 3 (b) of the Securities Act of 1933 to provide that, where securities are offered by means of short-term rights or warrants, the initial market value of the offered securities shall be deemed to be the offering price for purposes of the regulation.

Section 230.220 (Rule 220) under Regulation A provides a limited exemption from registration for certain primary offerings not exceeding $300,000 (paragraph (a)) and secondary offerings not exceeding $100,000 (paragraph (b)), subject to an overall limitation of $300,000 in any period of 12 months (paragraph (d)). In the case of "market" offerings the regulation provides that the aggregate gross proceeds actually received from the public shall not exceed these specified amounts (paragraph (g)).

In order to eliminate certain interpretative problems concerning the application of these provisions to offerings through rights or warrants, the Commission is considering the addition of the following new paragraph (i) to Rule 220:

(i) Where securities are offered through rights or warrants which expire within 90 days after issuance, the offering price of such securities shall be deemed to be their market value as established by bona fide transactions or quotations within a reasonable time of the commencement of the offering, and no separate consideration shall be given to any sales of the rights or warrants.

The proposed new provision would not apply to offerings through rights or warrants with a life of more than 90 days. It is felt that long-term rights or warrants generally do not provide a suitable mechanism for an offering under Regulation A, in view of the greater possibility that market fluctuations will carry the offering beyond the price limits of the regulation and section 3 (b).

The suggested paragraph provides that market value shall be established by "bona fide transactions or quotations within a reasonable time of the commencement of the offering." Generally this provision is intended to permit market value to be determined at the time of the filing of the letter of notification so that it may be stated in that document. However, if there is no market at that time, the proposed language is intended to permit the computation to be based on transactions or quotations occurring thereafter, perhaps shortly after the rights are issued. Of course purchases from the issuer pursuant to the exercise of rights or warrants would not ordinarily determine market value except in the sense of demonstrating that the market value was not less than the exercise price.

As a corollary to the proposed amendment to Rule 220, paragraph (a) (2) of Rule 222 would be amended to provide that, in offerings of this type, the letter of notification filed with the Commission should state the market value of the securities and the exercise price of the rights or warrants.

All interested persons are invited to submit their views and comments on the proposed amendment in writing to the Securities and Exchange Commission at its principal office, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C., on or before October 8, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 8, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8062; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 56]

FIELD ORGANIZATION

ESTABLISHMENT OF FOREIGN SERVICE IN SALISBURY, SOUTHERN RHODESIA

Pursuant to the requirements of section 3 (a) (1) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1002; 60 Stat. 238), notice is hereby given that the Field Organization of the Department of State, as published in the FEDERAL REGISTER for May 3, 1950 (15 F. R. 2498), is amended as follows:

Effective May 8, 1950, a Foreign Service establishment with the rank and status of Consulate General was opened to the public at Salisbury, Southern Rhodesia.

For the Secretary of State.

H. J. HENEMAN,
Director, Management Staff.

SEPTEMBER 7, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8051; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Public Notice 58]

APPROVAL OF ORGANIZATIONS TO RENDER SERVICES TO DISPLACED PERSONS

Pursuant to the requirements of section 3 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 238; 5 U. S. C. 1002), notice is hereby given that the Advisory Committee on Voluntary Foreign Aid of the Department of State has approved the following organizations for the purpose of extending emigration and resettlement services to certain persons who qualify for admission to the United States under the provisions of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended:

1. American Committee for Resettlement of Polish Displaced Persons, 1520 West Division Street, Chicago 22, Illinois. This organization is approved for the purpose of extending emigration and resettlement services to former members of the armed forces of the Republic of Poland who qualify for admission to the United States under the provisions of section 3 (b) (3) of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended.

2. American Fund for Czechoslovak Refugees, Inc., 1775 Broadway, Room 607, New York 19, New York. This organization is approved for the purpose of extending emigration and resettlement services to displaced persons and refugees in or from China who qualify for admission to the United States under the provisions of section 3 (b) (2) of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended, and to out-of-zone refugees who qualify for admission to the United States under the provisions of section 3 (c) of the said act.

3. International Rescue Committee, Inc., 62 West Forty-fifth Street, New York 19, New York. This organization is approved for the purpose of extending emigration and resettlement services to former members of the armed forces of the Republic of Poland who qualify for admission to the United States under the provisions of section 3 (b) (3) of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended, and to out-of-zone refugees who qualify for admission to the United States under the provisions of section 3 (c) of the said act.

4. Resettlement Service—National Lutheran Council, 13-15 East Twenty-second Street, New York 10, New York. This organization is approved for the purpose of extending emigration and resettlement services to displaced persons and refugees in or from China who qualify for admission to the United States under the provisions of section 3 (b) (2) of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended.

The foregoing notice is intended to cover only those provisions of the aforesaid act for which the Department of State is administratively responsible and hence has no application to the services which approved organizations may render in connection with other provisions of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended.

For the Secretary of State.

H. J. L'HEUREUX,
Chief, Visa Division.

SEPTEMBER 11, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8071; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[Public Notice 59]

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO CHIEF OF SPECIAL PROJECTS SECTION, FEDERAL PROGRAMS BRANCH, DIVISION OF EXCHANGE OF PERSONS

Pursuant to the authority contained in section 4 of Public Law 73, 81st Congress, the Chief, Special Projects Section, Federal Programs Branch, Division of Exchange of Persons is authorized to approve, amend or terminate grants for payment of necessary expenses of tuition, subsistence, transportation, and emergency medical care to selected Chinese students, teachers, professors and scholars in fields of specialized knowledge and skill under the program of Emergency Aid to Selected Citizens of China administered by the Office of Educational Exchange under authority vested by law in the Secretary of State.

NOTE: See Title 22, Chapter I, Part 67, *supra*.

For the Secretary of State.

CARLISLE H. HUMELSINE,
Deputy Under Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 12, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8114; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions

EMPLOYMENT OF HANDICAPPED CLIENTS BY SHELTERED WORKSHOPS

NOTICE OF ISSUANCE OF SPECIAL CERTIFICATES

Notice is hereby given that special certificates authorizing the employment of handicapped clients at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, and section 1 (b) of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act, as amended, have been issued to the sheltered workshops hereinafter mentioned, under section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (sec. 14, 52 Stat. 1068; 29 U. S. C. 214; as amended 63 Stat. 910) and Part 525 of the regulations issued thereunder, as amended (29 CFR, Part 525), and under sections 4 and 6 of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (secs. 4, 6, 49 Stat. 2038; 41 U. S. C. 38, 40) and Article 1102 of the Regulations issued pursuant thereto (41 CFR 201.1102).

The names and addresses of the sheltered workshops to which certificates were issued, wage rates, and the effective and expiration dates of the certificates are as follows:

Michigan Veterans' Facility, 3000 Monroe Avenue, Grand Rapids 5, Mich.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 19 cents per hour, whichever is higher; certificate is effective September 1, 1950 and expires July 31, 1951.

Wisconsin Workshop for the Blind, 2385 North Lake Drive, Milwaukee 11, Wisconsin; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 30 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 25 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective September 30, 1950, and expires September 29, 1951.

Volunteers of America of Los Angeles, 333 S. Los Angeles St., Los Angeles 13, Calif.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 55 cents per hour, whichever is higher; certificate is effective August 28, 1950 and expires August 27, 1951.

The employment of handicapped clients in the above-mentioned sheltered workshops under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions

therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 525 of the regulations, as amended. These certificates have been issued on the applicants' representations that they are sheltered workshops as defined in the regulations and that special services are provided their handicapped clients. A sheltered workshop is defined as, "A charitable organization or institution conducted not for profit, but for the purpose of carrying out a recognized program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury, and to provide such individuals with remunerative employment or other occupational rehabilitating activity of an educational or therapeutic nature."

These certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided by the regulations, as amended. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 7th day of September, 1950.

JACOB I. BELLOW,
Assistant Chief of Field Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8069; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 25404]

COTTON PIECE GOODS FROM OFFICIAL TERRITORY TO THE SOUTH

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 12, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Boin and I. N. Doe, Agents, for and on behalf of carriers parties to Agent Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-726.

Commodities involved: Cotton piece goods and flat goods, carloads.

From: Points in Trunk Line and New England territories.

To: Points in Virginia, North Carolina, Kentucky and Tennessee.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-726, Supplement 207.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8058; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 25405]

VERMICULITE IN THE SOUTH

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 12, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 998.

Commodities involved: Vermiculite, carloads.

Between: Points in southern territory and between points in southern territory on the one hand and points in Virginia in Trunk Line territory on the other.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 998, Supplement 141.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8059; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 25406]

SCRAP IRON FROM THE SOUTH TO OFFICIAL TERRITORY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 12, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 950.

Commodities involved: Scrap iron, carloads.

From: Points in the south.

To: Ashland, Ky., Huntington and Charleston, W. Va., Ironton, New Boston, Portsmouth and Sciotoville, Ohio.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 950, Supplement 120.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8060; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 25407]

NEPHELINE SYENITE BETWEEN OFFICIAL AND SOUTHERN TERRITORIES

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 12, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Boin and I. N. Doe, Agents, for and on behalf of carriers parties to the tariff named below.

Commodities involved: Nepheline syenite, carloads.

Between: Points in Trunk Line and New England territories, on the one hand, and points in North Carolina, Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, on the other.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-726, Supplement 207.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly dis-

close their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such applicaton without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8061; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E-6307]

FLORIDA POWER CORP.

NOTICE OF ORDER

SEPTEMBER 12, 1950.

Notice is hereby given that, on September 5, 1950, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered September 5, 1950, authorizing renewal and issuance of promissory notes in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8055; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1333]

UNITED NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER

SEPTEMBER 12, 1950.

Notice is hereby given that, on September 11, 1950, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered September 8, 1950, amending order of May 9, 1950, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on May 17, 1950 (15 F. R. 2964), issuing certificate of public convenience and necessity in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8056; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1470]

TEXAS GAS TRANSMISSION CORP.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

SEPTEMBER 11, 1950.

Take notice that on August 28, 1950, Texas Gas Transmission Corporation (Applicant), a Delaware corporation with its principal office at Owensboro, Kentucky, filed an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, authorizing the construction and operation of three sales metering stations at three points on its transmission line for the delivery of natural gas to Mississippi Power & Light Company (Buyer) for resale by the purchaser, to the following municipal distribution corporations located in Mississippi:

Delta Natural Gas District.
Bolivar Natural Gas District.
De Soto Natural Gas District.

Applicant proposes by means of the facilities described above to transport and sell natural gas to the Mississippi Power & Light Company for resale and distribution to the inhabitants of Inverness, Isola and Belzoni through facilities to be constructed by the Delta Natural Gas District and leased to the buyer. Applicant likewise proposes to transport and sell to the Mississippi Power & Light Company natural gas for resale and distribution to the inhabitants of Pace and Rosedale, through the facilities constructed and owned by Bolivar Natural Gas District, which are leased from that municipal corporation. The people of the towns of Horn Lake, Nesbitt, Hernando and Coldwater are to be furnished natural gas through the facilities constructed and owned by the De Soto Natural Gas District and leased by the Mississippi Power & Light Company.

Applicant states that the volume of natural gas to be sold and delivered to the Mississippi Power & Light Company as has been estimated is approximately 2,103 Mcf during the first year and 2,946 Mcf during the fifth year of operations, and that it has an adequate reserve to supply the requirements.

The total over-all cost of the facilities proposed is $17,891.98 which will be financed from funds on hand.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.10) on or before the 29th day of September 1950. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8057; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 59-15]

NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND CO. AND NEW ENGLAND PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

ORDER APPROVING PLAN AS AMENDED

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 8th day of September A. D. 1950.

New England Public Service Company ("NEPSCO"), a registered holding company and a subsidiary of Northern New England Company, also a registered holding company, having filed on July 19, 1950, and August 18, 1950, further amendments to NEPSCO's plan pursuant to section 11 (e) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("the act"), which was approved by this Commission and ordered enforced by the United States District Court for the District of Maine on August 6, 1947; and

NEPSCO having requested the Commission to approve the plan as so amended and to apply to the United States District Court for the District of Maine for an appropriate order approving and enforcing the plan as so amended; and

A public hearing having been held after appropriate notice at which all interested persons were given an opportunity to be heard, and all such persons having been given an opportunity to file briefs; and

The Commission having considered the record and on the basis thereof having this day entered is findings and opinion herein;

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 11 (e) and other applicable provisions of the act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, that:

(1) The plan as amended be and it hereby is approved.

(2) Jurisdiction be and it hereby is reserved to determine the reasonableness and appropriate allocation of all fees and expenses incurred or to be incurred in connection with the plan, as amended, and the transactions incident thereto.

(3) Jurisdiction be and it hereby is reserved to entertain such further proceedings, to make such supplemental findings and orders, and to take such further action as the Commission may deem appropriate in connection with the plan, as amended, the transactions incident thereto and the consummation thereof, and to take such further action as the Commission may deem necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Act.

(4) This order shall be effective immediately upon its issuance, but, except for the transactions approved by our order dated September 8, 1950, in File No. 70-2438, which are to be consummated forthwith pursuant to said order and to the order of the United States District Court for the District of Maine dated August 6, 1947, shall not be operative to authorize the consummation of any of the transactions proposed in the amendments filed July 19, 1950, and August 18, 1950, until the United States District Court for the District of Maine shall, upon application thereto, enter an order enforcing said amendments.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8053; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2433]

CENTRAL AND SOUTH WEST CORP. AND WEST TEXAS UTILITIES CO.

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 8th day of September A. D. 1950.

Central and South West Corporation, a registered holding company, and its public utility subsidiary company, West Texas Utilities Company ("West Texas"), having filed a joint application, and amendments thereto, pursuant to sections 9 (a) and 10 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act"),

with respect to the following proposed transactions:

West Texas, in connection with the sale to non-affiliated interests of a substantial part of its ice property for an aggregate consideration of $520,000, proposes to acquire certain securities, described as vendor's lien notes and purchase money notes, evidencing an aggregate of $421,000 of deferred payments of the sale price. The balance of $99,000 of the sale price is to be paid in cash. The $421,000 principal amount of notes being acquired is payable in installments during the years 1950 through 1954, together with interest at the rate of 5 percent per annum.

It is stated that the proceeds to be received from the proposed sale of ice properties are to be invested in permanent additions to or extensions of West Texas' electric utility properties.

It is further stated that no fees, commissions or other remuneration will be paid by West Texas in connection with the acquisition of the notes except service company fees and expenses estimated at not to exceed $50.

Said application having been filed on July 10, 1950, and the last amendment thereto having been filed on September 6, 1950, and notice of said filing having been duly given in the form and manner prescribed by Rule U-23 promulgated pursuant to said act, and the Commission not having received a request for hearing with respect to said application, as amended, within the period specified in said notice, or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission finding with respect to said application, as amended, that the requirements of the applicable provisions of the act and rules thereunder are satisfied, and that no adverse findings are necessary and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that said application, as amended, be granted, and also deeming it appropriate to grant applicants' request that the order herein become effective forthwith upon its issuance:

It is ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of said act and subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24, that said application, as amended, be and the same hereby is granted, and that this order shall become effective upon its issuance.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8063; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2438]

NEW ENGLAND PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

ORDER PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 8th day of September A. D. 1950.

New England Public Service Company ("NEPSCO"), a registered holding company and a subsidiary of Northern New England Company, also a registered holding company, having filed a declaration and amendments thereto pursuant to section 12 (d) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("the act") with respect to the sale by NEPSCO, pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, of 260,000 shares of the common stock of Central Maine Power Company, a public-utility company and a subsidiary of NEPSCO; and

NEPSCO having requested acceleration with respect to the bidding period specified in paragraph (b) of Rule U-50 so as to shorten the period to not less than six days; and

NEPSCO having also requested that our order herein contain appropriate recitals conforming to the pertinent requirements of Supplement R and section 1808 (f) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended; and

A public hearing having been held after appropriate notice in which all interested persons were given opportunity to be heard and all such persons having been given an opportunity to file briefs; and

The Commission having considered the record and on the basis thereof having this day entered its findings and opinion herein:

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 12 (d) of the act and Rule U-44 thereunder, that said declaration, as amended, be and it hereby is permitted to become effective forthwith, subject however to the provisions of Rule U-24 and to the following terms and conditions:

(1) That the proposed sale of common stock shall not be consummated until the results of competitive bidding shall have been made a matter of record in this proceeding and a further order shall have been entered on the basis of the record so supplemented, which order shall contain such terms and conditions, if any, as may then be deemed appropriate, jurisdiction being reserved for this purpose; and

(2) That jurisdiction be, and it hereby is, reserved with respect to the payment of all fees and expenses incurred or to be incurred in connection with legal and accounting services applicable to the proposed transactions; and

It is further ordered, That the bidding period specified in paragraph (b) of Rule U-50 be shortened to a period of not less than six days.

It is further ordered, That jurisdiction be and it hereby is reserved to enter in our further order with respect to the price at which the Central Maine common stock is proposed to be sold the appropriate recitals conforming to the requirements of Supplement R and section 1808 (f) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8052; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2460]

MISSISSIPPI GAS CO.

ORDER PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 8th day of September A. D. 1950

Mississippi Gas Company ("Mississippi"), a public utility subsidiary of Southern Natural Gas Company, a registered holding company, having filed a declaration with the Commission pursuant to the provisions of section 7 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act") regarding the following transaction:

Mississippi proposes to issue and sell at par its unsecured note due one year after date in the principal amount of $200,000 bearing interest at the rate of 2 percent per annum, to The Chase National Bank of the City of New York. The proceeds from the sale of said note will be used to pay for the construction of additions to Mississippi's properties and to reimburse its treasury for working capital previously used for the construction of such additions. Total expenses, including legal fees, are estimated at approximately $500.

Said declaration having been filed on August 21, 1950; notice of such filing having been duly given in the manner prescribed by Rule U-23 under said act; and the Commission not having received a request for hearing with respect to said declaration within the period prescribed in said notice, or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The declarant having requested that the Commission's order with respect to said declaration issue at the earliest date possible and become effective upon issuance; and

The Commission finding with respect to said declaration that the requirements of the applicable provisions of the act and the rules and regulations thereunder are satisfied; and that no adverse findings are necessary thereunder, and that the estimated expenses in connection with the proposed transaction are not unreasonable, and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that said declaration be permitted to become effective forthwith;

It is hereby ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 that said declaration be, and the same hereby is, permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8064; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 15011]

JOACHIM ROBRAHN

In re: Estate of Joachim Robrahn, deceased. File D-28-12543.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Luise Elise Marie Sandberg nee Robrahn and Maria Elise Henny Robrahn, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the sum of $12,039.79, paid to the State Controller of the State of California pursuant to an order of the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of San Joaquin, dated November 1, 1945, in the Matter of the Estate of Joachim Robrahn and any and all additions thereto, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on acccunt of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 28, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8078; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15042]

IKUTARO AND AKIYO HIRAISHI

In re: Rights of Ikutaro Hiraishi and Akiyo Hiraishi under insurance contract. File No. F-39-4392-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Ikutaro Hiraishi and Akiyo Hiraishi, whose last known address is Japan, are residents of Japan and nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Policy No. 15 261 909, issued by the New York Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Ikutaro Hiraishi, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Ikutaro Hiraishi or Akiyo Hiraishi, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8080; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15016]

AUGUST WALTHER

In re: Estate of August Walther, deceased. File No. D-28-12767; E. T. sec. 16940.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Karl Rode, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next-of-kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Walther Greeven, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to the estate of August Walther, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

4. That such property is in the process of administration by Carl Fedor Tiedemann, as Administrator c. t. a., acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Kings County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next-of-kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Walther Greeven, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 28, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8079; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15043]

JOHANN HOLLINGER ET AL.

In re: Rights of Johann Hollinger et al. under insurance contract. File No. F-28-26691-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to

law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Johann Hollinger and Maria Josefa Hollinger, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Louisa Hollinger, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 4238017, issued by The Prudential Insurance Company of America, Newark, New Jersey, to Louisa Hollinger, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Louisa Hollinger, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consulation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8081; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15044]

TSURUYO KANAZAWA

In re: Rights of Tsuruyo Kanazawa under insurance contract. File No. F-39-4414-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Tsuruyo Kanazawa, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 7 850 370, issued by the New York Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Tsuruyo Kanazawa, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8082; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15045]

MRS. MINE AND HYOTARO KANEKO

In re: Rights of Mrs. Mine Kaneko and Hyotaro Kaneko under insurance contract. File No. D-39-5338-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Mrs. Mine Kaneko and Hyotaro Kaneko, whose last known address is Japan, are residents of Japan and nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 519,308, issued by the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company, Toronto, Canada, to Mrs. Mine Kaneko, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States), is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Mrs. Mine Kaneko or Hyotaro Kaneko, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8083; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15046]

KINGORO KAWASHIMA

In re: Rights of Kingoro Kawashima under insurance contract. File No. F-39-1851-H-2.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Kingoro Kawashima, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 7 936 595, issued by the New York Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Kingoro Kawashima, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8084; Filed, Sept. 14, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]